

CITY OF SAN RAMON

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

CITY UPDATE

PLANNING FOR HOUSING IN SAN RAMON

FEBRUARY 19, 2021

PRESENTATION OUTLINE



- Overview of development process
- State legislation influence on housing
- SB 330 Housing Crisis Act
- How we plan for housing Regional Housing Needs Allocation process

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Concept review

- Informal process to screen project concept
- Early feedback provided by PC and staff
- Engage residents early in the planning process

Application Review (Entitlement Process)

- Compliance, Design and Environmental Review
- Public Engagement through Public Hearings
- Decision/Findings including Conditions of Approval

CONTROLLED GROWTH



Growth Strategy:

- Urban Growth Boundary
- Growth limited to areas of infill and contiguous to developed areas within the City
- Development can only occur if performance standards are met
- General Plan creates long-term vision for controlled growth



STATE HOUSING LEGISLATION INFLUENCE ON PROCESS



- State of California has fallen behind in housing production
- Goal focused on increasing housing production
- Cities can plan and approve housing; has limited control over construction
- Construction of housing is market-driven
 - May take years to construct
 - Dougherty Valley
 - CityWalk

STATE LAW CONTEXT – SB 330: HOUSING CRISIS ACT



- Boost homebuilding in CA for 5 years (expires in 2025) by expediting the development approval process
- Applies to all cities and counties in California
- Applies to all housing development that is:
 - Consistent with General Plan, Zoning and Subdivision Standards (no personal or subjective judgment)
- Housing Development defined as:
 - All residential, or
 - o All mixed use projects where at least 2/3 of sq. ft. is residential, or
 - Transitional or supportive housing

SB 330: HOUSING CRISIS ACT – IMPACT TO CITY REVIEW



- Maximum 5 public hearings for a housing development project
- "Public Hearing" is broadly defined as:
 - Any public hearing, workshop, or similar meeting
- Preliminary Application Completeness Review:
 - Allows a "preliminary application" review process to lock rules, regulations, and fees earlier than the standard review process
- Standard Application Completeness Review:
 - Requires a reduced timeline for application review
- Reduced time to approve/disapprove a project
 - o 60, 90 or 180 days depending on environmental review

SB 330: HOUSING CRISIS ACT – IMPACT TO CITY REVIEW (CONT.)



- If a Housing Development project that complies with a City's standards is denied:
 - Burden of proof on the City to demonstrate the project would have a specific, adverse impact on public health or safety
 - o "welfare of the community" not a criteria for denial
 - No feasible method to mitigate or avoid an identified adverse impact
- Fines of \$10k to \$50k/unit paid by City if the court determines inappropriate denial and the court may approve the project anyway

WHAT IS RHNA?



- RHNA Regional Housing Needs Allocation
 - Eight year cycle Upcoming cycle plans for housing needs in 2023-2031
- State law requires all jurisdictions plan to meet the <u>housing needs of everyone</u> in the community

RHNA ROLES AND RESPONSIBLITIES





State's role:

o Identifies how many housing units (by income category) the Bay Area must plan for between 2023-2031



Bay Area Regional Planning Agency ABAG's role:

 Creates methodology for allocating the Bay Area's total housing need to each of the 101 cities and nine counties in the Bay Area



San Ramon's role:

 Plan and program the City's share of the RHNA through the update of the General Plan Housing Element (certified by the State)

INCOME CATEGORIES: WHAT IS "AFFORDABLE"? AND FOR WHOM?



Established by State (Contra Costa County Area Median Income):

Household Income Category	Percent of AMI*	Max. Annual Income (One Person Household)	Example Occupations (Mean Annual Salary)†			
Extremely Low	0 – 30%	\$27,450				
Very Low	31 – 50%	\$45,700	Retail Salesperson (\$32,938); Restaurant Cook (\$33,128); Paramedic (\$45,479) Dental Assistant (\$47,580); First-Year Teacher with Master's Degree (\$55,667)			
Low	51 – 80%	\$73,100				
Area Median Income (AMI)	-	\$83,450	-			
Moderate	81 – 120%	\$100,150	Carpenter (\$71,089); School Guidance Counselor (\$77,461)			
Above Moderate	>120%	>\$100,150	Software Developer (\$127,336)			

^{*}HCD may adjust amount due to special County considerations †State Employment Dev. Dept., 2019 1st Quarter Occupational Wage Survey for Contra Costa County & SRVUSD

REGIONAL CONTEXT



Plan Bay Area 2050 Final Blueprint Growth Forecast:

2015 Projected Growth 2050

Population



7.6 million 2.7 million 10.3 million

Jobs





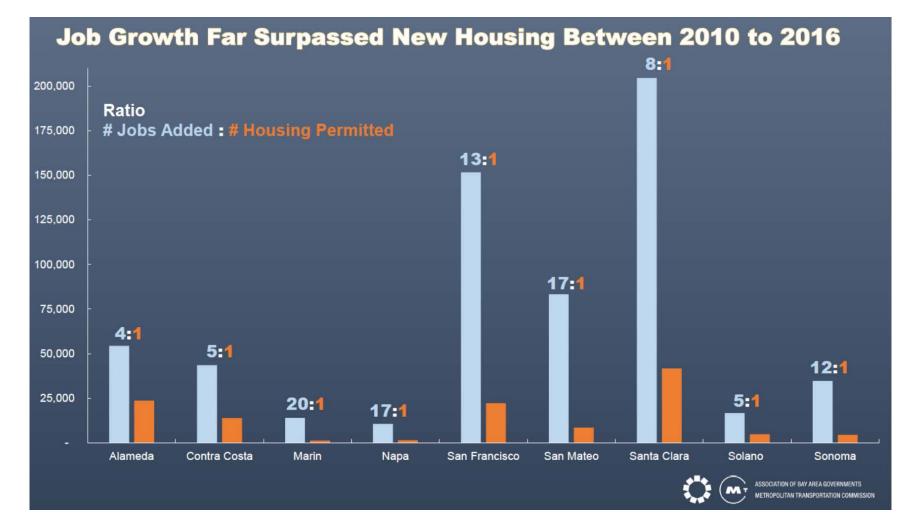
Housing Units





REGIONAL CONTEXT – WHY PLAN FOR HOUSING?

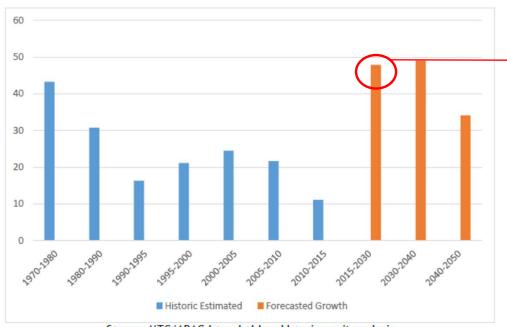




REGIONAL CONTEXT – HOUSING UNIT PRODUCTION



Bay Area <u>Annual</u> Housing Unit Production, Historic and Projected (thousands of housing units)



Source: MTC/ABAG household and housing unit analysis

Production has not been meeting this target:

2015: 15.8k 2016: 18.5k 2017: 14.8k 2018: 15.4k

- Less than 9% of the Region's projected housing need through 2030 has been constructed
- Will create pressure to increase production

REGIONAL CONTEXT – HOUSING UNIT PRODUCTION



Factors contributing to drop in housing production

- The Great Recession 2008 economic recession
- Rising construction and land costs
- Limited land availability
- Labor shortage
- Loss of Redevelopment Agency funds
- Expiration of existing Affordable Housing Agreements
- Local governmental restrictions and constraints
- Opposition to development
- Limited central funding sources (i.e. State funding)
- Entitlement fees

BAYAREA REGIONAL HOUSING NEED



Household Income Category	2015-2023 RHNA Cycle – Bay Area Housing Need (Percent Total)	2023-2031 RHNA Cycle – Bay Area Housing Need (Percent Total)		
Very Low	46,680 Units (25%)	145% ↑ 114,442 Units (26%)		
Low	28,940 Units (15%)	127% ↑ 65,892 Units (15%)		
Moderate	33,420 Units (18%)	72,712 Units (16%)		
Above Moderate	78,950 Units (42%)	138% ↑ 188,130 Units (43%)		
Total	187,990 Units (100%)	135% ↑ 441,176 Units (100%)		

SAN RAMON RHNA ALLOCATIONS



Household Income Category	Current RHNA Cycle – San Ramon Allocation (Percent Total)		Upcoming RHNA Cycle – Draft (Jan. 2021) San Ramon Allocation (Percent Total)			
Very Low	516 Units (36%)	19	0% ↑		1,497 Units (29%)	
Low	279 Units (20%)	20	9 % ↑		862 Units (17%)	
Moderate	282 Units (20%)) 17	2% ↑		767 Units (15%)	
Above Moderate	340 Units (24%)	48	4% ↑		1,985 Units (39%)	
Total	1,417 Units (100%)	26	0% ↑		5,111 Units (100%)	

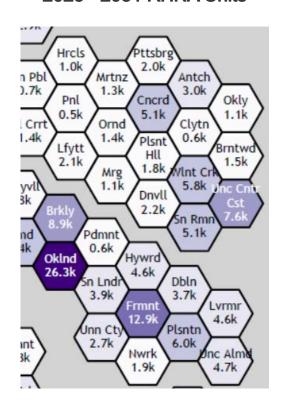
San Ramon's 2015-2023 RHNA: 76% of Total Units Allocated as Affordable San Ramon's 2023-2031 RHNA: 61% of Total Units Allocated as Affordable

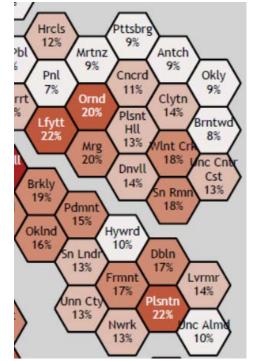
ABAG -TRI-VALLEY 2023 - 2031 DRAFT RHNA ALLOCATIONS



Draft Total 2023 - 2031 RHNA Units

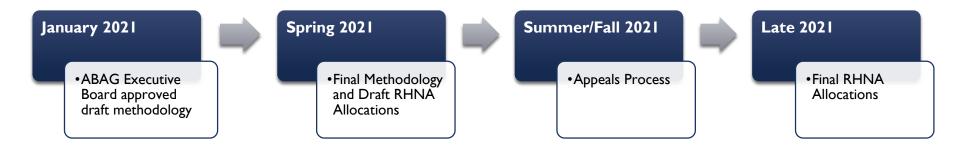
Growth Rate from 2023 - 2031 RHNA Compared to 2020 Households





2023 – 2031 RHNA REMAINING TIMELINE





HOUSING BLEMBNT UPDATE TIMBLINE



General Plan and Housing Element Comprehensive Update

- o Comprehensive update to all General Plan Elements, including the Housing Element
- Climate Action Plan Update
- Associated Zoning Ordinance Update
- Fiscal Impact Analysis, Retail Analysis Update
- Environmental Impact Report
- Extensive public outreach and engagement process

Spring / Summer 2021

- •Issue RFP for preparation of GP/HE Update
- Select Consultant

Late 2021

•Final RHNA Issued by ABAG

2021 - 2022

- Public Outreach / Engagement
- Public Hearing review process with appropriate Committees / Commissions / City Council

Late 2022

•Submit adopted Housing Element to HCD

HOUSING ELEMENT UPDATE – FINAL RHNA



Update will focus on:

- How to satisfy City's RHNA
- Inventory of developable land
- Infill development, especially within the City's core
- Combining a mix of uses: place housing closer to jobs, retail, and services
- Evaluate housing opportunity sites



HOUSING BLBMENT UPDATE – LONG TERM HOUSING GOALS



- Housing constraints analysis
- Create local goals, policies, programs, and quantified objectives
- Inclusionary Housing Ordinance
- State Mandate Obligations
 - Density Bonus laws
 - SB 330 Housing Crisis Act
 - SB 35 Streamlined Housing Approval Process
 - Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) laws to increase production

STATE LEGISLATION UNDER CONSIDERATION



SB 9 (Atkins) – Duplexes & Lot Splits

- Require local governments to ministerally approve a housing development containing two residential units (duplex) in single-family zones
- Require local governments to ministerally approve an urban lot split

■ SB 10 (Wiener) – Housing Development Density

- Authorize a local government to pass an Ordinance to zone any parcel for up to 10 housing units if located in a transit-rich area, jobs-rich area, or urban infill site
- Exempt from CEQA

SB 6 (Caballero) – Neighborhood Homes Act

- A housing development project deemed an allowable use on a neighborhood lot within an
 office or retail commercial zone, not adjacent to industrial uses
- Require a minimum 20 housing units per acre for suburban jurisdictions

■ AB I I 5 (Bloom) – Commercial Zoning for Housing Developments

 Under certain conditions, require a housing development be an authorized use on any properties zoned for commercial uses

BOTTOM LINE: INCREASE HOUSING PRODUCTION



Using RHNA and State law to increase housing production:

- Expand housing sites to increase housing construction (SB 9, AB 115)
- Eliminate local/state restrictions and constraints (SB 35, SB 330, ADU, Standards, CEQA Streamlining)
- Streamline housing approval (SB 35, SB 330, AB 678, Housing Accountability Act)
- Increase funding for affordable housing (SB 2, SB 3, LEAP & REAP grants)
- Eliminating/Freezing fees (SB 330, SB 13)
- Housing Element accountability (SB 828, AB 879, AB 1397)

SAN RAMON CONTACTS



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General Plan and Housing Element information:

https://www.sanramon.ca.gov/general_plan_housing_element

General Questions: planning@sanramon.ca.gov and (925) 973-2560





